

Safety Plan

A safety plan identifies the steps you can take to increase your safety and help to prepare you, minor children, and any other affected family members to act quickly to protect yourselves in the event of future violence. We encourage you to make a plan while you're living with your abuser at a time when the environment is calm.

Unfortunately, there no way that a safety plan can absolutely guarantee your safety or that of your loved ones. However, following this plan will reduce the chance that your abuser will have the opportunity to hurt you, or his self. Remember that you do not have control over your abuser's actions, but you do have control of your own.

This plan should be used as a guide and reminder of ways all of you can increase your safety. This plan should be hidden in a safe place where the abuser is unlikely to find it. It should also be reviewed and updated on a regular basis if the situation or living environment should change.

WHILE THE ENVIRONMENT IS STILL CALM

Prepare an Escape Bag (or box or suitcase or any other portable container). Put in it essential articles or papers you will need if the abuser becomes violent and you need to leave in a hurry. It may be necessary to keep the container in a friend or relative's home, your workplace, your spiritual community home, or any other place where the abuser will not have access to it. Here is a checklist of some items to consider placing in it:

 Identification
Birth Certificates
Social Security cards
Medicare or Medicaid cards
Extra cash or traveler's checks
Lease, rental agreement, house deed
 Bank books
Check books
Insurance papers
Extra house and car keys
 Medical records for all family members
Medications
 Extra eyeglasses
 Photographs of family members (including the abuser)
 Welfare identification papers
 School and college records, including diplomas
 Immigration papers

Immunization records
Work permits Passports
Divorce papers
Copy of Injunction for Protection
Military discharge papers
Jewelry and other small saleable objects
Other (identify)
Open a separate bank account in your own name and have the statements sent to a post office box or a friend or relative's address so the abuser will not see them. Keep account and PIN (Personal Identification Number) secret.
Identify people who would be able to let you stay with them temporarily or lend you some money in an emergency:
If other family members at risk and living with you are able to walk and talk, complete the following:
Prepare a plan of escape for yourself and other vulnerable family members, such as
children and disabled or elderly adults. For example, tell them: "If we are talking on the
phone and you hear me say the word '', don't come home. Instead go
to isn't
home, then go to (place) and call 911. If you are in another room
and you hear the sounds of fighting, leave the house/apartment by
(window, another door), go to (place) and call 911 from
there. I want you to keep yourself safe and that will be the best way to help me. Don't
try to help me by fighting with because you might get hurt."
If you are still living with the abuser, fill this information out now. If you move, revise it for your new residence immediately after the move.
Look over every room in the house and figure out the best way to escape during a violent
incident. Discuss this with vulnerable family members: "If you are in your bedroom, the
best way to escape is If you are in the
living room, the best way to escape is

If you are in the kitchen, the best way to escape is
If you hear sounds of fighting, you should not go in the (room)
because there is no way to escape. You know there are knives, guns, or other things that
can be used to hurt you in these rooms:
so you will avoid being in them or leading the abuser into them during a violent
incident."
If it is not possible to use any entryways to the house/apartment because of the location of
the abuser, pick a safe room that has a lock and access to a telephone (this can be a 911
cell phone, which <u>must be kept charged at all times.</u>) Teach vulnerable family members
to call for help by dialing 911. An operator will answer "911 – What is your
emergency?" The caller will say "Someone at my house is being hurt. Send the police.
My name is; The address here is; The phone
number here is LEAVE THE PHONE LINE OPEN AFTER GIVING
THIS INFORMATION. Answer any questions the 911 operator may ask.
If you are concerned about the safety of your pets, contact the SPCA (Society for the Prevention of Cruelty to Animals) and ask for their advice on protecting the pets. The Pinellas County SPCA number is (727) 586-3591.
DURING A VIOLENT INCIDENT
There are weapons in these
rooms: I will stay out of those rooms and will try to lead the abuser away from them. Avoid being backed into a corner or into a room with no exits.
If possible, dial 911 from the home phone and hang up or leave the phone off the hook. (The address of the home phone will be displayed to the 911 operator. This will not work from a mobile phone!).
If the abuser already has a weapon or the situation appears very dangerous, take whatever action you believe may calm him/her down. Protect yourself in any way you can (if you're being beaten or kicked, curl up on the floor and protect your head with your arms).

SAFETY AFTER THE ABUSER IS NO LONGER IN THE HOME

Change the locks on the doors and install safety devices on all windows. (This is not necessary if you have moved to a new location and you are sure the abuser has NEVER had keys to the residence.) If you are in the same or a new residence, check with the police department about the best way to secure doors and windows.

If you have minor children list below the people who have permission to pick up your children from school or daycare. Copy this list to a separate piece of paper and give it to your children's school administrators, teachers, after school caregivers, etc. and ask that they get identification from anyone who attempts to pick up your children from school.
List your landlord and neighbors listed below. Tell them that the abuser no longer lives with you and ask them to call 911 if they see him/her near your home.
If you have an Injunction for Protection against the abuser, make several copies, keep one with you at all times and keep copies in the following places:
If you are employed, list trusted coworkers and/or supervisors to whom you can disclose your situation. Tell them the abuser's name so that they will not put phone calls through from him. Provide a picture of the abuser so they will know what he looks like.
If you are employed, list trusted coworkers, supervisors, or security personnel whom you can ask to escort you to your car or bus when you leave work. Remember to vary the time you leave and the route you take to and from work.
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	ety, provide your workplace the abuser and a recent pho-		
Height	Weight	Age	Race
Hair Color	Eye color		Glasses
Scars, tattoos, of	ther distinguishing charact	teristics	
Description of a	buser's vehicle:		
Voor M-1	ke	Model	
r earIVIal			
	Plate #		
Color	Plate # marks/damages		
Color	marks/damages		
Color Distinguishing n	marks/damages	NAL HEALING	
Color Distinguishing n	marks/damages	NAL HEALING	
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Color Distinguishing n	marks/damages	NAL HEALING	
Color Distinguishing numbers the purpose of the library	marks/damages	NAL HEALING can turn to for e	emotional support:

List the places and people who can provide emotional support for your children.	